

Code of Conduct Policy

VERSION 2

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Overview of our policies

Policies

- Subex code of ethics and business conduct
- Code of conduct for prevention of insider trading
- Subex Corporate Communications Policy
- Subex Customer interaction code of conduct
- Data protection policy
- Protection of assets policy
- Software compliance policy

Applicability

These policies are applicable to Subex and its affiliates all over the world (“Subex”)

Who must follow Subex Policies?

Our policies apply to all employees of Subex (“Subexians”) throughout the world. All Subexians should ensure that others representing Subex such as consultants, agents and independent contractors- agree to follow applicable Subex policies. Further, these policies constitute an integral part of each and every employment agreement executed between Subex and Subexians and policies relating to clause 3 (e) and 3 (h) shall specifically survive even after termination of the employment agreement.

Responsibility of all Subexians

1. Have a basic understanding of all applicable policies
2. Seek assistance from your manager, legal counsel or other resources when you have questions about the application of the policies
3. Promptly report any concerns that you or others may have about possible violations of Subex policy

Consequences of violation

Violations of these policies are subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge from employment and, subject to applicable law, recovery damages. In addition, many Subex policies reflect requirements of applicable law. Violations of applicable law may subject the violating individual (and Subex) to civil and criminal penalties. Subex's policy is to fully cooperate in governmental investigations of individual's alleged wrongdoings.

I. Subex Code of Ethics and Business Conduct

Subex believes that a key ingredient to achieving success in business is the requirement that all Subexians conduct themselves with basic honesty and integrity, in their interactions with the company, colleagues, customers, business partners, vendors and others. Ethical conduct is a core value at Subex. Our customers respect and admire us for the high standards we have set for ourselves in terms of the way we conduct ourselves in every business relationship. We count on Subexians to maintain and enhance that reputation. This Code of Business Conduct provides the guidelines for the essential comprehension and understanding of the responsibilities and obligations to comply with the law and these standards, and to provide feedback to the management of Subex on anything that is not in compliance with the law or these standards.

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1. Introduction

This Code of Business Conduct has been issued by Subex to deter wrong doing and to promote:

1. Ethical and honest conduct by Subex's Board of Directors and Subexians, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships.
2. Avoidance of conflicts of interest, including disclosure to an appropriate person of any material transaction or relationship that reasonably could be expected to give rise to such a conflict. Further, the Directors and Senior Management will comply with the provisions with regard to rights, duties and obligations of Directors and Senior Management in terms of Regulation 26 (2) & (5) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015). The Directors and Senior Management will also comply with Section 188 of The Companies Act, 2013 and any rules framed thereunder and any amendments thereof pertaining to provisions pertaining to Related Party Transactions.
3. Full, fair, accurate, timely, and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that Subex files with, or submits to the Regulatory Bodies/ Stock Exchanges, its shareholders and in other public communications made by Subex.
4. Compliance with all other applicable laws, rules, and regulations.

5. Prompt internal reporting of any violations of this Code of Business Conduct.

6. Accountability for adherence to the Code of Business Conduct.

Subex expects all Directors and Subexians worldwide to comply with the following standards of business conduct. Subex is committed to take prompt and impartial action against violations of these policies. Violation of the standards outlined in these guidelines may be grounds for disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment or other business relationship. Subexians and directors who are aware of any misconduct, illegal activities, fraud, abuse of Subex's assets or violations of the standards outlined in these guidelines are responsible for reporting such matters.

2. Requisite Obligations

Subex's standards expect from Subexians, the following shared responsibilities. It is your responsibility to;

1. Conduct Subex's business in compliance with, applicable laws, rules and regulations and Subex's policies, including this Code of Business Conduct
2. Treat all Subexians, customers and business partners in an honest and fair manner
3. Avoid situations where your personal interests are in conflict with that of Subex's
4. Proper use of Subex's proprietary and confidential information, assets and resources, as well as those of Subex's customers and business partners.
5. Raise any concern that you or others may have about possible violations of this Code of Business Conduct, laws or the Company's policies. You may,
 - a) Raise your concerns with your manager, or
 - b) Raise your concerns with company's Compliance Officer,; or
 - c) Raise your concern with any member of the legal department.
6. Subexian's are obliged to familiarise themselves with security and business continuity policies, procedures and plans as these relate to Subex's core business and the businesses of the customers that Subex supports.

Individuals have a role to play in compliance to security and business continuity requirements and failure to so do can result in disciplinary action.

3. Specific Obligations

a) Policy against Retaliation

Subex prohibits any director or Subexian from retaliating or taking adverse action against anyone for raising suspected conduct violations or helping to resolve a conduct concern. Any individual who has been found to have engaged in retaliation against a person for raising, in good faith, a conduct concern or for participating in the investigation of such a concern may be subject to discipline, up to and including termination of employment or other business relationship. If any individual believes he or

she has been subjected to such retaliation, that person is encouraged to report the situation as soon as possible to their reporting manager, Subex's Compliance Officer or a member of the legal team.

b) Equal opportunities employer

Subex is committed to equal employment opportunities, a basic goal of free society. By continuing to extend equal opportunity and provide fair treatment to all employees on the basis of merit, we will improve Subex's success while enhancing the progress of individuals and the communities where our businesses are located.

Subex will

- Use merit, qualifications and job related criteria as sole bases for all employment-related decisions affecting employees.
- Recruit, hire, train, compensate, promote and provide other conditions of employment without regard to a person's race, colour, religion, national origin, sex, age disability, veteran status or other characteristic protected by law.
- Provide a work free environment free of harassment of any kind based on diverse human characteristics and cultural back grounds.

c) Work Environment

The Subex work environment must be free from discrimination and harassment based on race, caste, creed, religion, gender, sexual orientation, age, national origin, disability, marital status, or other factors that are not related to Subex's business interests. Other activities that are prohibited because they are not conducive to a good work environment include,

- a) Physical harm or threats of physical harm
- b) Violent behavior
- c) Possession of weapons of any type
- d) Use, distribution, sale, or possession on Subex's premises of illegal drugs or any other controlled substance, except medicines for approved medical purposes.
- e) Consumption of alcohol on Subex premises when not at a company sponsored function
- f) Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment is defined as any form of conduct that a prudent person would find offensive - whether physical (direct or indirect), verbal (express or implied) or environmental. It includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when one of the following applies.

- Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly - term or condition for an individual's career growth or opportunities.

- Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for decisions affecting that individual's career and feelings.
- Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

The concept of sexual harassment is extremely broad, covering anything that a person who is not hypersensitive finds it offensive – words, magazine pictures, messages, conduct, touching or looking.

There are two forms of sexual harassment viz., quid pro quo (one thing in return for another) and hostile environment. Quid pro quo harassment is the exchange of sexual favors for career benefits. The following three elements must exist for the complainant to be successful.

- Complainant was subjected to unwelcome sexual harassment in the form of sexual advances or requests for sexual favors.
- Harassment complained of was based on sex.
- Submission to the unwelcome advances was an express or implied condition for receiving some form of career benefits, or refusal to submit to sexual demands resulted in a tangible job detriment.

Hostile environment is the creation of an offensive working environment. The fact that the victim voluntarily submitted to the harassment is not a defense and the issue is whether the conduct was welcome or unwelcome.

d) Conflicts of Interest

Subexians may take part in legitimate financial, business and other activities outside their jobs. Those activities, however, must be free of conflicts with their duties and responsibilities at Subex. A "conflict of interest" may occur when an individual's private interest interferes/ appears to interfere, in any way with the interests of the company as a whole. A conflict situation may arise when a Subexian takes action or has interests that may make it difficult to perform his or her company work objectively and effectively, or that interfere with that person's judgment in the course of his or her job at Subex. Conflicts of interest may also arise when an employee, or a member of his or her family, receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position in the company.

e) Confidentiality

You are permitted to use and disclose proprietary and/or confidential information only as authorized and in accordance of Subex's business. In addition, you are responsible for making use of adequate safeguards to prevent the disclosure or loss of proprietary and/ or confidential information. Such confidential information should be stored only on computers or storage media owned or maintained

by Subex. Such confidential information should not be downloaded to or stored on an employee's personal computer or removable media.

Confidential information includes all non-public information that might be of use to competitors, or harmful to the company or its customers, if disclosed. A Subexian must also maintain the confidentiality of third party information that Subex has agreed to maintain confidential to the extent of any such confidentiality or nondisclosure agreement. A Subexian's obligation to protect Subex proprietary and confidential information exists whether or not the information is explicitly labeled or otherwise designated as being proprietary or confidential, and the obligation continues even after leaving the company.

One of Subex's most valuable assets is its intellectual property - patents, trademarks, copyrights and other proprietary information. It is Subex's policy to establish, protect, maintain and defend its rights in all commercially significant intellectual property and to use those rights in responsible ways. You must take steps to safeguard these assets regardless of whether they are labeled as proprietary or confidential, contain a copyright notice, or otherwise are explicitly designated as constituting important intellectual property of the Company.

In addition to protecting Subex's intellectual property rights, Subex respects the intellectual property rights of others. Unauthorized use of the intellectual property rights of others may expose Subex to liability. To avoid the risk of misusing a third party's confidential information (such as information from customers, vendors, service providers or business partners), you must not, directly or indirectly, loan, copy, download or distribute such information or disclose such information to any unauthorized persons (whether or not employed by Subex) unless you do so in accordance with the terms that have been formally agreed to by Subex and such third party. To avoid violating the law and/or licensing requirements of third parties, as well as to minimize the risk of computer viruses, you should take special care when acquiring software (which includes computer programs, databases and related documentation) from third parties. This applies both to purchased software and to software that is made available without charge, via the Internet. The terms and conditions of software license agreements – such as provisions not to copy or distribute programs - must be reviewed and followed. In no event should you copy any such software, especially any software constituting "open source code" into any development work you do for Subex unless Subex permits such usage explicitly.

f) Conducting Subex's Business

- a) Never make oral or written misrepresentations or dishonest or misleading statements to anyone.
- b) Never make false entries in Subex's business records. It is your responsibility to ensure that any documentation or report that you submit or approve - such as a customer order, financial information, an expense report or time slip - is complete, accurate and contains the proper signatures. Subexians who are found to have knowingly submitted or approved any documentation,

report or other information containing materially inaccurate, materially incomplete or other improper data or unauthorized signatures are subject to disciplinary measures, up to and including termination.

c) Have all commitments to customers and agreements, whether verbal or written, reviewed and approved in accordance with company policies and procedures.

d) Information about other companies and organizations, including competitors, must be gathered using appropriate methods. Illegal practices such as trespassing, burglary, misrepresentation, wiretapping and stealing are prohibited. In addition, you should not solicit or knowingly accept confidential data from a competitor's employees, ex-employees or customers.

e) Subex does not permit bribes, kickbacks or any other illegal or improper payments, transfers or receipts. This prohibition is across-the-board and applies to both giving and receiving. No employee shall offer, give, solicit or receive any money or anything else of value for the purpose of obtaining, retaining or directing business or bestowing or receiving any kind of favored treatment.

g) Business Entertainment and Gifts

Subex does not permit bribes, kickbacks or any other illegal or improper payments, transfers or receipts. This prohibition is across- the-board and applies to both giving and receiving. No Subexian shall offer, give, solicit or receive any money or anything else of value for the purpose of obtaining, retaining or directing business or bestowing or receiving any kind of favored treatment.

Appropriate care should be exercised to ensure that business entertainment and gifts for customers, prospective customers, public officials, vendors and others are not excessive and cannot reasonably be construed as bribes or improper inducements. No business entertainment or gift should exceed the bounds of good taste or customary business standards in the community involved. All business entertainment and gifts should be kept at a reasonable level and be based on the expectation that they will become publicly known. All funds expended for business entertainment and gifts must be fully documented and reflected in the books of Subex. Subexians must refrain from requesting, directly or indirectly, that they be given business gifts, entertainment or favors by anyone with whom Subex does business. When such gifts, entertainment or favors are offered to Subexians, they may be accepted only in the event they do not exceed the bounds of good taste or customary business standards in the community involved. Acceptance should be based on the expectation that it will become publicly known. Cash in any amount or cash equivalents (such as gift certificates) shall not be accepted by any employee.

“Prizes from clients and customers: In certain specific cases, for commendable contribution by the Subexians where the client / customers voluntarily wishes to recognize directly, the onus is on the Subexian to inform his/her regional HR and reporting manager prior to receiving any such prizes for our records else it will be seen as non-adherence which may lead to a possible disciplinary action up to termination”.

h) Non-Solicitation and Non-Compete

Subexians are prohibited from directly or indirectly, soliciting any Subex customers, prospective customers, vendors or any employees of Subex during and after expiration or termination of Subexians employment with Subex. Subexians are also prohibited from directly or indirectly entering into employment of, or render any services to, any person, firm or corporation engaged in any business competitive with the business of Subex or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates or engaged in such business on his own account or become interested in any such business, directly or indirectly as an individual, partner, shareholder, director, officer, principal, agent, employee, trustee, consultant, or any other relationship or capacity, provided, however, that nothing contained in this clause shall be deemed to prohibit Subexians from acquiring, solely as an investment, shares of any publicly listed/traded company.

4. Compliance with laws

Subex will and expects Subexians to comply with all applicable rules and regulations while conducting business.

5. Disciplinary Process and Committee

This procedure is designed to help and encourage all Subexian's to achieve and maintain standards of conduct.

6. Whistle-Blowing Policy and Committees

Subex has formed this committee to ensure adherence to this code and to report any violations.

II Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading

Introduction

This document outlines the Code of Conduct applicable to Subex Limited in line with the regulations formulated by Securities and Exchange Board of India with regard to Prohibition of Insider Trading, and titled as Securities & Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter also referred to as the Regulations), which has been notified on 15th January 2015.

These regulations prohibit an insider from dealing in the securities of a company listed on any stock exchange on the basis of any unpublished price sensitive information. It also prohibits the communication of any unpublished price sensitive information to any person except as required under law. Further, the Regulations also prohibit counselling or procuring any person to deal in the securities of any company on the basis of any unpublished price sensitive information. Through this policy, the Company, intends not only to regulate the trading by insiders, but also seek to prohibit insider trading, as envisaged in the Regulations.

Any insider who acts in contravention of these regulations is liable to be punished according to the law including imprisonment and/or fine as provided under Sections 15G and 24 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.

Subex Limited hereby notifies this document as the code of conduct to be followed by all Directors, Officers and Employees in order to prevent insider trading while dealing/trading in the securities of Subex Limited.

Applicability

This code shall be applicable to all Directors, Officers and Employees of Subex Limited.

1. Title:

This Code shall be known as **“Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Insiders”** (“Code of Conduct”)

2. Commencement:

This Code shall come into force on 15th May 2015.

3. Definitions:

Definitions-

(A) As per the SEBI Regulations -

- (a) “Act” means the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992);
- (b) Connected Person shall have the meaning given to it under Regulation 2(d) of the Regulations and shall also include the promoters and their directors and key managerial personnel.
- (c) “generally available information” means information that is accessible to the public on a non-discriminatory basis;
- (d) “immediate relative” means a spouse of a person, and includes parents, sibling, and child of such person or of the spouse, any of whom is either dependent financially on such person, or consults such person in taking decisions relating to trading in securities;
- (e) “insider” means any person who is;
 - (i) a connected person; or
 - (ii) in possession of or having access to unpublished price sensitive information;
- (f) “promoter” shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 or any modification thereof;
- (g) “Securities” shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any modification thereof except units of a mutual fund;
- (h) “Specified” means specified by the SEBI in writing:
- (i) “Stock Exchange” means a stock exchange which is recognized by the Central Government or SEBI under section 4 of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956
- (j) “Takeover Regulations” means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 and any amendments thereto;
- (k) “Trading” means and includes subscribing, buying, selling, dealing, or agreeing to subscribe, buy, sell, deal in any securities, and “trade” shall be construed accordingly;
- (l) “Trading day” means a day on which the recognized Stock Exchanges are open for trading;
- (m) “Unpublished Price Sensitive Information” means any information, relating to a Company or its securities, directly or indirectly, that is not generally available which upon becoming generally available, is likely to materially affect the price of the securities and shall, ordinarily including but not restricted to, information relating to the following:-
 - (i) financial results;
 - (ii) dividends;
 - (iii) change in capital structure;
 - (iv) mergers, de-mergers, acquisitions, delisting, disposals and expansion of business and such other transactions;
 - (v) changes in key managerial personnel; and
 - (vi) material events in accordance with the listing agreement.

(B) For the purpose of this Code

- i. “Regulations” means the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
- ii. “Company” – means ‘Subex Limited’.
- iii. “Board of Directors” means the Board of Directors of the Subex Limited.
- iv. “Compliance Officer” means – The Officer appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company for the purpose of this Code from time to time.
- v. “Designated Employees” shall include
 - a. All officers comprising the top three tiers of the company management as notified from time to time by the Managing Director and attached in Annexure VIII and all Subexians in the Finance & Accounts, Legal & Secretarial Department, Corporate Communications and Sales & Marketing; and
 - b. such Subexians, from time to time, as in the opinion of the Compliance Officer are likely to be in the possession of Price Sensitive Information.
 - c. Respective spouse, dependent parents and dependent children of the officers and employees falling in categories (i) and (ii) above, (hereinafter referred to as **“dependent family members”**)
 - d. an auditor, accountancy firms, law firms, analysts, consultants or other persons, etc. assisting or advising the Company; and
- vi. Generally Available Information means information that is accessible to the public on a non-discriminatory basis, such as information published on websites of stock exchanges.
- vii. “SEBI” means Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
- viii. Specified Persons means all Directors, Employees and Connected Persons of the Company (including all Designated Persons)
- ix. “Trading Window” – means trading period for trading in Company’s Securities as specified by the Compliance Officer.

4. Compliance Officer :

- a) The Company has appointed Mr. Ganesh K V, “Chief Financial Officer, Global Head – Legal and Company Secretary” as the Compliance Officer who shall report to the Managing Director. He shall provide the reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee as and when it may be deemed necessary.
- b) In order to discharge his/her functions effectively, the Compliance Officer shall be adequately empowered and provided with adequate manpower and infrastructure to effectively discharge his/her function. In the performance of his/her duties, the Compliance Officer shall have access to all information and documents relating to the Securities of the Company.

- c) The Compliance Officer shall act as the focal point for dealings with SEBI in connection with all matters relating to the compliance and effective implementation of the Regulations and this Code.

DUTIES OF THE COMPLIANCE OFFICER:

The Compliance Officer shall be responsible for:

- o Setting forth policies in relation to the implementation of the Code and the Regulations in consultation with the Board/Audit Committee.
 - o Prescribing procedures for various activities referred to in the Code.
 - o Compliance with the policies and procedures referred hereinabove.
 - o Monitoring adherence to the rules for the preservation of unpublished price sensitive information.
 - o Grant of pre-trading approvals to the Designated Persons for trading in the Company's Securities by them / their Immediate Relatives and monitoring of such trading.
 - o Implementation of this Code under the general supervision of the Audit Committee and the overall supervision of the Board of the Company.
 - o The Compliance Officer shall maintain a record of the Designated Subexians and any changes made in the list of Designated Subexians as per the format set out in Annexure I
 - o The Compliance Officer shall assist all the Subexians in addressing any clarifications regarding the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and the Company's Code of Conduct.
 - o The Compliance Officer shall also implement and oversee the Code of Corporate Disclosure
 - o The Compliance Officer shall place status reports before the Chairman of the Audit Committee, detailing Trading in the Securities by the Designated Persons along with the documents that such persons had executed in accordance with the pre-trading procedure prescribed under the Code on a quarterly basis.
 - o Practices for Prevention of Insider Trading as set out in Schedule B of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 attached hereto as Schedule I.
5. This Code will be applicable to Designated Persons i.e. employees and other connected persons **including but not limited to** Directors/officers/Designated employees and their immediate relatives as defined herein.
 6. Restrictions on Communication & Trading by Insiders:
 - (i) No insider shall communicate, provide, or allow access to any unpublished price sensitive information, relating to the Company or securities listed or proposed to be listed, to any person including other insiders except where such communication is in furtherance of legitimate purposes, performance of duties or discharge of legal obligations.

- (ii) No person shall procure from or cause the communication by any insider of unpublished price sensitive information, relating to the Company or securities listed or proposed to be listed, except in furtherance of legitimate purposes, performance of duties or discharge of legal obligations.
- (iii) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Regulations, an unpublished price sensitive information may be communicated, provided, allowed access to or procured, in connection with a transaction that would: -
 - a. entail an obligation to make an open offer under the Takeover regulations where the Board of Directors of the Company is of informed opinion that the proposed transaction is in the best interests of the Company;
 - b. not attract the obligation to make an open offer under the Takeover regulations but where the Board of Directors of the Company is of informed opinion that the proposed transaction is in the best interest of the Company and the information that constitute unpublished price sensitive information is disseminated to be made generally available at least two trading days prior to the proposed transaction being effected in such form as the Board of Directors may determine.
- (iv) For purposes of sub-regulation (iii), the Board of Directors shall require the parties to execute agreements to contract confidentiality and non-disclosure obligations on the part of such parties and such parties shall keep information so received confidential, except for the purpose of sub-regulation (iii) and shall not otherwise trade in securities of the Company when in possession of unpublished price sensitive information.

7. Need to Know

The Specified Persons who are privy to Unpublished Price Sensitive Information, shall handle the same strictly on a Need to Know basis. This means the Unpublished Price Sensitive Information shall be disclosed only to those person who need to know the same in furtherance of a legitimate purpose, the course of performance or discharge of their duty and whose possession of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information will not in any manner give rise to a conflict of interest or likelihood of misuse of the information

8. Limited access to Confidential Information

Specified Persons privy to confidential information shall, in preserving the confidentiality of information, and to prevent its wrongful dissemination, adopt among others, the following safeguards:

- Files containing confidential information shall be kept secure.
- Computer files must have adequate security of login through a password.
- Follow the guidelines for maintenance of electronic records and systems as may be prescribed by the Compliance Officer from time-to-time in consultation with the person in charge of the information technology function.

9. Chinese Wall

To prevent the misuse of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information, the Company has adopted a 'Chinese Wall' policy which separates those departments which routinely have access to Unpublished Price Sensitive Information, considered —inside areas from those departments

which deal with sale/marketing or other departments providing support services, considered public areas

As per the said policy:

- The Employees in the inside areas are not allowed to communicate any Unpublished Price Sensitive Information to anyone in the public areas.
- The Employees in inside area may be physically separated from the Employees in public area.
- The demarcation of various departments as inside area shall be determined by the Compliance Officers in consultation with the Board.
- Only in exceptional circumstances, Employees from the public areas are brought 'over the wall' and given Unpublished Price Sensitive Information on the basis of —'need to know' criteria, under intimation to the Compliance Officer.

10. Trading when in possession of unpublished price sensitive information

No insider shall trade in securities that are listed or proposed to be listed on a Stock Exchange when in possession of unpublished price sensitive information:

Provided that the insider may prove his innocence by demonstrating the circumstances including the following:-

- a. the transaction is an off-market inter-se transfer between promoters who were in possession of the same unpublished price sensitive information without being in breach of Regulations and both parties had made a conscious and informed trade decision;
- b. in the case of non-individual insiders:-
 - i. the individuals who were in possession of such unpublished price sensitive information were different from the individuals taking trading decisions and such decision-making individuals were not in possession of such unpublished price sensitive information when they took the decision to trade;
 - ii. appropriate and adequate arrangements were in place to ensure that the Regulations are not violated and no unpublished price sensitive information was communicated by the individuals possessing the information to the individuals taking trading decisions and there is no evidence of such arrangements having been breached; and
 - iii. the trades were pursuant to a trading plan set up in accordance with the Regulations.
 - iv. In the case of connected persons the onus of establishing, that they were not in possession of unpublished price sensitive information, shall be on such connected persons and in other cases, the onus would be on the person making the charge.
 - v. The SEBI may specify such standards and requirements, from time to time, as it may deem necessary for the purpose of the Regulations.

11. Trading Plans

- (i) An insider, shall be entitled to formulate a trading plan and present it to the Compliance Officer for approval and public disclosure pursuant to which trades may be carried out on his behalf in accordance with such plan.
- (ii) Such trading plan shall:-

- a. not entail commencement of trading on behalf of the insider earlier than six months from the public disclosure of the plan;
 - b. not entail trading for the period between the twentieth trading day prior to the last day of any financial period for which results are required to be announced by the issuer of the securities and the second trading day after the disclosure of such financial results;
 - c. entail trading for a period of not less than twelve months;
 - d. not entail overlap of any period for which another trading plan is already in existence;
 - e. set out either the value of trades to be effected or the number of securities to be traded along with the nature of the trade and the intervals at, or dates on which such trade shall be effected; and
 - f. not entail trading in securities for market abuse.
- (iii) The Compliance Officer shall review the trading plan to assess whether the plan would have any potential for violation of the Regulations and shall be entitled to seek such express undertakings as may be necessary to enable considerate assessment of the plan, and to approve and monitor implementation of the plan.
- (iv) The trading plan once approved shall be irrevocable and the insider shall mandatorily be required to implement the plan, without being entitled to either deviate from it or to execute any trade in the securities outside the scope of the trading plan.

Provided that the implementation of the trading plan shall not be commenced if any unpublished price sensitive information in possession of the insider at the time of formulation of the plan has not become generally available at the time of the commencement of implementation and in such event the Compliance Officer shall confirm that the commencement ought to be deferred until such unpublished price sensitive information becomes generally available information.

- (v) Upon approval of the trading plan, the Compliance Officer shall notify the plan to the Stock Exchanges on which the securities are listed.

12. Disclosures by certain persons

- (i) Every public disclosure shall be made in such form as may be specified; other disclosures shall be made in the forms annexed hereto.
- (ii) The disclosures to be made shall include those relating to trading by the concerned person's immediate relatives as well as by any other person for whom such person takes trading decisions and shall also include trading in derivatives of securities and the traded value of the derivatives shall be taken into account for this purpose provided that trading in derivatives of securities is permitted under the applicable law.
- (iii) The disclosures made hereunder shall be maintained by the Company for a minimum period of five years in such form as may be specified.

(iv) Initial Disclosures

- a. Every promoter, key managerial personnel and directors of the Company shall disclose his/her holding of securities of the Company as on the date of this Code taking effect, to the Company within thirty days thereof; (Annexure II annexed)

- b. Every person on appointment as a key managerial personnel or a director of the Company or upon becoming a promoter shall disclose his holding of securities of the Company as on the date of appointment or becoming a promoter, to the Company within seven days of such appointment or becoming a promoter. (Annexure II annexed)

(v) Continual Disclosures

- a. Every promoter, employee and director of the Company shall disclose to the Company the number of such securities acquired or disposed of within two trading days of such transactions if the value of the securities traded, whether in one transaction or a series of transactions over any calendar quarter, aggregates to a traded value in excess of ten lakh rupees or such other value as may be specified; (Annexure III annexed)
- b. The Company shall notify the particulars of such trading to the Stock Exchanges on which the securities are listed within two trading days of receipt of the disclosure or from becoming aware of such information.

Explanation: It is clarified for the avoidance of doubts that the disclosure of the incremental transactions after any disclosure under the above provision, shall be made when the transactions effected after the prior disclosure cross the threshold specified therein.

(vii) Disclosures by other connected persons

The Board of Directors of the Company may, at its discretion require any other connected person or class of connected persons to make disclosures of holdings and trading in securities of the Company in such form and at such frequency as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company in order to monitor compliance with the Regulations.

13. Other Requirements

- a. The Compliance Officer will report to the Board of Directors and in particular, shall provide report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee at their respective meetings provided there are any reportable transactions.
- b. All information shall be handled within the organisation on a need-to-know basis and no unpublished price sensitive information shall be communicated to any person except in furtherance of the insider's legitimate purposes, performance of duties or discharge of his legal obligations.
- c. All Insiders will have to keep the files containing confidential information relating to price sensitive information fully secured. Computer files must be kept with adequate security of login and password, etc.

14. Procedure and restriction for trading in the Securities of the Company by Designated Employees and connected persons.

Trading Window

Other than the period(s) for which the Trading Window is closed as prescribed hereunder, the same shall remain open for Trading in the Securities of the Company

Unless otherwise specified by the Compliance Officer, the Trading Window for Trading in Securities of the Company shall be closed for the Designated Persons identified by the Compliance Officer, when the Compliance Officer determines that a Designated Person or class of Designated Persons are reasonably expected to have UPSI, including for the following purposes-

- (a) declaration of financial results,
- (b) declaration of dividends,
- (c) change in capital structure,
- (d) Mergers, de-mergers, acquisitions, delistings, disposals and expansion of business and such other transactions
- (e) changes in key managerial personnel, and
- (f) material events in accordance with the listing agreement.

In respect of declaration of financial results, the Trading Window shall remain closed for a period of 7 days prior to the end of the respective quarter, half-year, or financial year, as the case may be.

As regards declaration of dividend and other matters referred to in (c) to (f) above, the Managing Director/ Chief Financial Officer shall, well before initiation of such activity/project, form a core team of Employees who would work on such assignment. The Managing Director/ Chief Financial Officer shall also designate a senior Employee who would be in-charge of the project. Trading Window would be regarded as closed for them. Such core team may share information related to the activity/project with any Connected Person only on a need to know basis for any advice or guidance required from such Connected Person, provided that such person are bound by confidentiality and undertake not to breach the Regulations.

The Trading Window shall be opened 48 (Forty-Eight) hours after the information referred to above becomes generally available.

All the Designated Persons shall strictly conduct all their Trading in the Securities of the Company only when the Trading Window is open and no Designated Person or their Immediate Relatives shall trade in the Securities of the Company during the period the

Trading Window is closed or during any other similar period as may be specified by the Compliance Officer from time-to-time.

a. Pre-clearance of Trades when Trading Window is open and reporting thereof

All Designated persons intending to trade in the securities of the company to the extent of 25,000 Shares or Rs. 10 (Ten) Lacs of traded value, whichever is lower, in one calendar quarter may do so without any pre-clearance from the Compliance Officer. In other cases, they should follow the following procedure:

- i. Designated Persons of the Company (including for their immediate relatives) should make an application to the Compliance Officer in the prescribed form (as per Annexure IV annexed) for pre-clearance of the transaction if the threshold limit is likely to be exceeded as a result of the transaction.
- ii. Execute an undertaking in favour of the Company in the prescribed form (as per for Annexure V annexed).
- iii. The Proposed transaction can be carried out only after receiving appropriate clearance from the Compliance Officer (as per Annexure IV annexed).
- iv. The execution of the order in respect of the securities of the Company will have to be completed within 7 trading days of such approval of pre-clearance failing which fresh clearance would be necessary.
- v. The Designated Person shall report the trades executed pursuant to the pre-clearance approval (as per Annexure IV annexed) within two trading days and in the event he has decided not to trade after securing pre-clearance, he should report the same as well with reason (as per Annexure IV annexed) not later than two trading days after the end of seven trading days of the grant of approval.

b. Restrictions on Trading

- i. No Designated Person or their immediate relatives shall trade in any securities of the Company during the closure of the Trading Window.
- ii. All Designated Person who trade in any number of shares of the Company shall not execute a contra trade during the next six months following the prior transaction.
- iii. In accordance with provisions of section 194 of the Companies Act, 2013 forward dealings in securities of the Company by Directors or Key Managerial Personnel are prohibited.

15. PENALTY

- a. Directors/Officers/Designated Employees who trade in securities or communicate any unpublished price sensitive information for trading in securities in contravention of the Code of Conduct prescribed by the Company will be penalized and appropriate action will be taken against them by the Company after giving reasonable opportunity to them to explain their stand in the matter. They shall also be subject to disciplinary action including wage freeze, suspension, ineligibility for future participation in E.S.O.P. (Employees Stock Option Plans) etc.
- b. In case a contra trade is executed, inadvertently or otherwise, in violation of such a restriction, the profits from such trade shall be liable to be disgorged for remittance to

SEBI for credit to the Investor Protection and Education Fund administered by SEBI under the Act.

- c. In addition to the action taken by the Company, the persons violating these Regulations will also be subject to action by SEBI as per SEBI Act. In case of any violation, SEBI shall be informed by the Company about the matter.
- d. The Board of Directors of the Company shall have power to modify or replace this Code, in part or full, as appropriate and as may be thought fit from time to time.

16. Power to amend the Code of Conduct:

The Board of Directors of the Company shall have power to modify or replace this Code, including annexure hereto, in part or full, as appropriate and as may be thought fit from time to time. Notwithstanding anything contained in this clause, any amendments made to the formats of disclosure by SEBI or such other statutory authority, shall be deemed to be the format under this policy, and this policy shall be deemed to have been automatically amended to the effect of adoption of such prescribed format.

This Code was duly approved by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on May 14, 2015 and the Code shall come into force with effect from May 15, 2015.

Minimum Standards for Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Insiders

[See sub-regulation (1) and sub-regulation (2) of regulation 9]

1. The compliance officer shall report to the board of directors and in particular, shall provide reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, if any, or to the Chairman of the board of directors at such frequency as may be stipulated by the board of directors.
2. All information shall be handled within the organisation on a need-to-know basis and no unpublished price sensitive information shall be communicated to any person except in furtherance of the insider's legitimate purposes, performance of duties or discharge of his legal obligations. The code of conduct shall contain norms for appropriate Chinese Walls procedures, and processes for permitting any designated person to "cross the wall".
3. Employees and connected persons designated on the basis of their functional role ("**designated persons**") in the organisation shall be governed by an internal code of conduct governing dealing in securities. The board of directors shall in consultation with the compliance officer specify the designated persons to be covered by such code on the basis of their role and function in the organisation. Due regard shall be had to the access that such role and function would provide to unpublished price sensitive information in addition to seniority and professional designation.
4. Designated persons may execute trades subject to compliance with these regulations. Towards this end, a notional trading window shall be used as an instrument of monitoring trading by the designated persons. The trading window shall be closed when the compliance officer determines that a designated person or class of designated persons can reasonably be expected to have possession of unpublished price sensitive information. Such closure shall be imposed in relation to such securities to which such unpublished price sensitive information relates. Designated persons and their immediate relatives shall not trade in securities when the trading window is closed.
5. The timing for re-opening of the trading window shall be determined by the compliance officer taking into account various factors including the unpublished price sensitive information in question becoming generally available and being capable of assimilation by the market, which in any event shall not be earlier than forty-eight hours after the information becomes generally available. The trading window shall also be applicable to any person having contractual or fiduciary relation with the company, such as auditors, accountancy firms, law firms, analysts, consultants etc., assisting or advising the company.
6. When the trading window is open, trading by designated persons shall be subject to preclearance by the compliance officer, if the value of the proposed trades is above such thresholds as the board of directors may stipulate. No designated person shall apply for preclearance of any proposed trade if such designated person is in possession of unpublished price sensitive information even if the trading window is not closed.

7. The compliance officer shall confidentially maintain a list of such securities as a “restricted list” which shall be used as the basis for approving or rejecting applications for preclearance of trades.
8. Prior to approving any trades, the compliance officer shall be entitled to seek declarations to the effect that the applicant for pre-clearance is not in possession of any unpublished price sensitive information. He shall also have regard to whether any such declaration is reasonably capable of being rendered inaccurate.
9. The code of conduct shall specify any reasonable timeframe, which in any event shall not be more than seven trading days, within which trades that have been pre-cleared have to be executed by the designated person, failing which fresh pre-clearance would be needed for the trades to be executed.
10. The code of conduct shall specify the period, which in any event shall not be less than six months, within which a designated person who is permitted to trade shall not execute a contra trade. The compliance officer may be empowered to grant relaxation from strict application of such restriction for reasons to be recorded in writing provided that such relaxation does not violate these regulations. Should a contra trade be executed, inadvertently or otherwise, in violation of such a restriction, the profits from such trade shall be liable to be disgorged for remittance to the Board for credit to the Investor Protection and Education Fund administered by the Board under the Act.
11. The code of conduct shall stipulate such formats as the board of directors deems necessary for making applications for pre-clearance, reporting of trades executed, reporting of decisions not to trade after securing pre-clearance, recording of reasons for such decisions and for reporting level of holdings in securities at such intervals as may be determined as being necessary to monitor compliance with these regulations.
12. Without prejudice to the power of the Board under the Act, the code of conduct shall stipulate the sanctions and disciplinary actions, including wage freeze, suspension etc., that may be imposed, by the persons required to formulate a code of conduct under sub-regulation (1) and sub-regulation (2) of regulation 9, for the contravention of the code of conduct.
13. The code of conduct shall specify that in case it is observed by the persons required to formulate a code of conduct under sub-regulation (1) and sub-regulation (2) of regulation 9, that there has been a violation of these regulations, they shall inform the Board promptly.

**Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015
[Regulation 7 (1) (a) read with Regulation 6 (2)]**

Name of the company:

ISIN of the company:

Details of Securities held by Promoter, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), Director and other such persons as mentioned in Regulation 6(2)

Name, PAN No, CIN/DIN & address with contact nos.	Category of person (Promoters/ KMP/ Directors/ immediate relatives/ others etc)	Securities held as on the date of regulation coming into the force		% of Shareholding	Open interest of the Future contracts held as on the date of regulation coming into force		Open interest of the option contracts held as on the date of regulation coming into force	
		Type of security (For e.g. - Shares, Warrants, Convertible Debentures etc.)	No.		Number of units (contracts * lot size)	Notional value in Rupee terms	Number of units (contracts * lot size)	Notional value in Rupee terms
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	

Note: “Securities” shall have the meaning as defined under regulation 2(1) (i) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

Signature:

Designation:

Date:

Place:

Annexure III

**Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015
[Regulation 7 (1) (a) read with Regulation 6 (2)]**

Name of the company:

ISIN of the company:

Details of securities held on appointment of Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) or Director or upon becoming a Promoter of a listed company and other such persons as mentioned in Regulation 6(2)

Name, PAN No, CIN/DIN & address with contact nos.	Category of person (Promoters/ KMP/ Directors/ immediate relatives/ others etc)	Date of Appointment of Director/ KMP/ or Date of becoming Promoter	Securities held at the time of becoming Promoter/ appointment of Director/ KMP		% of Shareholding	Open interest of the Future contracts held at the time of becoming Promoter/ appointment of Director/ KMP		Open interest of the Option contracts held at the time of becoming Promoter/ appointment of Director/ KMP	
			Type of security (For e.g. - Shares, Warrants, Convertible Debentures etc.)	No.		Number of units (contracts * lot size)	Notional value in Rupee terms	Number of units (contracts * lot size)	Notional value in Rupee terms
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8	

Note: “Securities” shall have the meaning as defined under regulation 2(1) (i) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

Signature:

Designation:

Date:

Place:

**Form for permission from the Company
Regarding proposed purchase/sale of
Listed securities of the Company**

Date:

The Compliance Officer
Subex Limited,
RMZ Ecoworld,
Devarabisanahalli, Outer Ring Road
Bangalore - 560037

Employee Code :	
Name of the Subexian	
Designation	
Region	
Date of Joining the Company	
Name of holder of securities	
Relation to the Subexian	
Kind of securities proposed to be dealt	
Number of securities proposed to be	
Estimated Market Value of the	
Name of the depository	
Folio No./Client ID No.	

I hereby declare that all information in this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I also understand that any misrepresentation of facts in this form is sufficient cause for disciplinary action by the Company.

Date:

Place:

Signature of the Applicant

PRE-CLEARANCE ORDER

This is to inform you that your request for dealing in(nos) shares of the company as mentioned in your above mentioned application is approved. Please note that the said transaction must be completed on or before

_____ (date) that is within 7 days from today.

Date:

For

Compliance Officer

CONFIRMATION OF DEAL

To: The Compliance Officer

I confirm that the share dealing for which approval was granted on was completed on by purchasing / selling (nos). equity shares of the company.

OR

Please note that pursuant to the pre-clearance dated granted for purchase/sale of (nos.) equity shares/listed securities of the Company, I have decided not to trade thereunder for the reason

Date:

Signature

NOTE : Permission should be obtained in case of purchase/sale of equity shares exceeding 25,000 OR Rs. 10 lacs of the expected trade value in one calendar quarter.

Annexure- V

(UNDERTAKING TO BE SUBMITTED ALONGWITH THE APPLICATION FOR PRE-CLEARANCE)

Date:

The Compliance Officer
Subex Limited,
RMZ Ecoworld,
Devarabisanahalli, Outer Ring Road
Bangalore - 560037

I, _____, residing at _____ do hereby solemnly
declare and undertake as follows:

1. I am Director/ Officer /Designated employee of Subex Limited, a public limited company, incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, and having its Registered Office at RMZ Ecoworld, Devarabisanahalli, Outer Ring Road, Bangalore-560 037 (hereinafter referred to as "the Company")
2. I am working with the Company as its _____ at _____
3. I hereby declare that I do not have any access to Price Sensitive Information / I have not received Price Sensitive Information upto the time of signing this undertaking. (Strike off whichever is not applicable)
4. I further hereby agree, undertake and declare that in case I obtain access to or receive Price Sensitive Information after the signing of this Undertaking but before the execution of the transaction, I shall inform the Compliance Officer of the change in my position and that I will completely refrain from dealing in the securities of the Company till the time such information becomes public.
5. I further hereby declare that I have not contravened the Code of Conduct for Prevention of InsiderTrading for Subex Limited as notified by the Company from time to time.
6. I further declare that I have made a full and true disclosure in the matter.
7. I agree that after a buy or sell transaction, I shall not enter into an opposite transaction i.e. sell or buy, any number of shares during the next six months following the prior transaction. I also agree that I shall also not take positions in derivative transactions in the shares of the Company at any time.
8. I confirm that any misrepresentation on my part as to what is undertaken by this undertaking will amount to fraudulent conduct/ misconduct on my part and the Company will be entitled to take disciplinary action against me as it may deem fit.

Date :
Place :

(Signature of Applicant)

CODE OF PRACTICES & PROCEDURES FOR FAIR DISCLOSURE OF UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE INFORMATION

(Under Regulation 8(1) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015)

I. INTRODUCTION:

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) in its endeavor to protect the interests of investors in general, has formulated the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 under the powers conferred on it under the SEBI Act, 1992. These regulations were notified on 15th January, 2015 and shall come into force with effect from 120th Day from the date of its notification i.e. w.e.f. from 15th May, 2015. These regulations shall be applicable to all companies whose shares were listed on Indian stock exchanges.

It is mandatory in terms of the Regulations for every listed company/entity to formulate a Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information.

In order to comply with the mandatory requirement of the Regulations, it was necessary to formulate a specific Code of Fair Disclosure for Subex Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') for use by its Promoters, Directors, Officers, Employees and Connected Persons.

This document embodies the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information to be adopted by the Company and followed by its Directors, Officers, Employees and Connected Persons. The Code seeks to ensure timely, fair and adequate disclosure of price sensitive information to the investor community by the Company to enable them to take informed investment decisions with regard to the Company's Securities.

II. PRINCIPLES OF FAIR DISCLOSURE FOR PURPOSES OF CODE OF PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES FOR FAIR DISCLOSURE OF UNPUBLISHED PRICE SENSITIVE INFORMATION

The Board of Directors of Subex Limited have always strived to conduct its business in a fair and transparent manner with a view to protect the interest of all the stakeholders in the Company. Towards achieving this objective, the Company and the members of the Board, Officers, all employees and connected persons shall adhere to the following principles of fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information in letter as well as in spirit:

1. The Company shall ensure prompt public disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information that would impact price discovery no sooner than credible and concrete information comes into being, in order to make such information generally available.
2. The Company shall ensure Uniform and universal dissemination of unpublished price sensitive information to avoid selective disclosure.

3. The Company Secretary / Compliance Officer of the Company shall act as the Chief Investor Relations officer to deal with dissemination of information and disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information.
4. To make the information generally available, the same will be transmitted to the Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed for publication on their respective websites and be also made available on the Company's website www.subex.com
5. The Company shall make prompt dissemination of unpublished price sensitive information that gets disclosed selectively, inadvertently or otherwise to make such information generally available.
6. The Company shall provide appropriate and fair response to queries on news reports and requests for verification of market rumours by regulatory authorities.
7. The Company will ensure that information shared with analysts and research personnel, if any, is not unpublished price sensitive information.
8. Following guidelines will be adopted by the Company while dealing with Analysts/Institutional investors: -
 - a. The Company will provide only public information to Analysts/Research persons/ large Investors/Institutions.
 - b. At least two officers of the Company will be present at the meetings with Analysts, Brokers, Institutional Investors and the discussions with them will be recorded to avoid misquoting or misrepresenting.
 - c. Questions outside the intended scope of discussions by the Analysts will not be answered normally but the same may be taken on notice and a considered response given later.
 - d. Whenever the Company will organize meetings with Analysts, it will normally be followed by a press release and the same information will also posted on the website of the Company. This will be simultaneously sent to the Stock Exchanges
9. The Company shall handle of all unpublished price sensitive information on a need-to-know basis.

III. POWER OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Managing Director of the Company, subject to the approval of the Board, is authorized to amend or modify this code in whole or in part.

The Board of Directors may stipulate further guidelines, procedures and rules, from time to time, to give effect to the intent of this code, and to further the objective of good corporate governance.

The decision of the Board of Directors of the Company with regard to any or all matters relating to this code shall be final and binding on all concerned.

IV. DISCLOSURE OF THE CODE ON THE WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

This Code was duly approved by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on May 14, 2015 and the Code shall come into force with effect from May 15, 2015.

This code shall be published on the official website of the Company.

Further, this code and every subsequent amendment made thereto, shall be promptly intimated to the Stock Exchanges where the securities of the company are listed.

III. The Duties of Independent Directors

The independent directors shall—

- (1) Undertake appropriate induction and regularly update and refresh their skills, knowledge and familiarity with the company;
- (2) Seek appropriate clarification or amplification of information and, where necessary, take and follow appropriate professional advice and opinion of outside experts at the expense of the company;
- (3) Strive to attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Board committees of which he is a member;
- (4) Participate constructively and actively in the committees of the Board in which they are chairpersons or members;
- (5) Strive to attend the general meetings of the company;
- (6) Where they have concerns about the running of the company or a proposed action, ensure that these are addressed by the Board and, to the extent that they are not resolved, insist that their concerns are recorded in the minutes of the Board meeting;
- (7) keep themselves well informed about the company and the external environment in which it operates;
- (8) Not to unfairly obstruct the functioning of an otherwise proper Board or committee of the Board;
- (9) Pay sufficient attention and ensure that adequate deliberations are held before approving related party transactions and assure themselves that the same are in the interest of the company;
- (10) Ascertain and ensure that the company has an adequate and functional vigil mechanism and to ensure that the interests of a person who uses such mechanism are not prejudicially affected on account of such use;
- (11) Report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy;
- (12) Acting within his authority, assist in protecting the legitimate interests of the company, shareholders and its employees;

(13) not disclose confidential information, including commercial secrets, technologies, advertising and sales promotion plans, unpublished price sensitive information, unless such disclosure is expressly approved by the Board or required by law.

Further, the Independent Directors of the Company shall abide by the following provisions which includes any amendment made there from time to time:

- Section 149 and Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 including any rules made thereunder.
- Securities and Exchange Board Of India (Listing Obligations And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
- Code of Business Conduct and Ethics formulated for Board and Senior Management Personnel of the Company

The Board of Directors of the Company, is authorized to amend or modify this code in whole or in part.

The Board of Directors may stipulate further guidelines, procedures and rules, from time to time, to give effect to the intent of this code, and to further the objective of good corporate governance.

IV. Subex Corporate Communications Policy

This policy describes the basic principles of conduct that we share as Subexians. This Code also applies to Subex's Directors. This Code is intended to provide a broad overview of basic ethical principles that guide our conduct. In some circumstances, we maintain more specific policies on the topics referred to in this Code.

Contents

1. Responsibilities
2. Definitions
3. Disclosure Policy
 - a. Responding to inquiries
 - b. Prohibition on selective disclosure c. Inadvertent disclosures
 - d. Responding to market rumors
 - e. Referring to or distributing analyst reports on Subex
4. Dissemination of non-public information to Subexians
5. Publishing of news about Subex
6. Placing of advertisements
7. Handling information requests
 - a. Trade media queries
 - b. Business/ Financial media queries
 - c. Local media queries of any other nature d. Individual shareholder inquiries
 - e. Analyst queries
8. Speeches and Presentations
9. World Wide Web
10. Internet Discussion Threads/ Chat Rooms

Annexure 1: Contact details

Subex discloses information about its operations and performance to accommodate the mutual interests of Subex and the general public. Subex supports regular communication with Subexians, shareholders, customers, communities, media and other groups that have an interest in the company.

As a publicly owned corporation, Subex has an obligation to make available and disseminate certain "material" information to its shareholders and other public stakeholders. At the same time, the improper release of proprietary information could have serious ramifications for Subex. The Subex Communications Policy (SCP) defines areas of responsibility and requirements for material and non-

material communication.

A. Responsibilities

I. Corporate Communications Department is responsible for:

- Effective communication with Subexians, customers, industry, trade media and other parties with an interest in the company.
- Reviewing information prior to public disclosure for materiality (see Section B). If information is believed to be potentially material, it must be referred to Investor Relations for review.

II. Subexians are responsible for directing information requests to the Corporate Communications

Department within Subex as detailed in the following sections.

B. Definitions

"Material" Information - Information is material if there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable shareholder would consider it important in making an investment decision. Earnings information and "guidance" regarding earnings forecasts should both be considered as being material. Earnings guidance includes indications that earnings are "up," "down," or "flat," along with such statements as "I would not be troubled by that," "that sounds about right," and "that's in the ballpark." Other types of information or events that Regulatory Bodies have indicated are likely to be considered material include (but are not limited to) the following:

- mergers, acquisitions, tender offers, joint ventures or changes in assets; default on debt obligations;
 - new products, discoveries, orders, or developments regarding customers or suppliers, such as the acquisition or loss of a contract;
 - changes in control or in management;
 - a change in Auditors, Directors, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive officer and Company Secretary
-
- events regarding the issuer's securities, such as calls of securities for redemption, repurchase plans, stock splits or changes in dividends, changes in the rights of security holders, public or private sales of additional securities by the issuer;
 - Bankruptcies, insolvency or other significant liquidity events; and litigation.

"Non-public" Information - Any information that has not been disseminated in a

manner reasonably designed to make it generally available to investors.

"Proprietary" information - Any information that, if disclosed, would harm Subex competitive advantage

C. Disclosure Policy

Subex is committed to providing timely and accurate information to the public, consistent with legal and regulatory requirements. When releasing material information, it is imperative that consistent disclosure practices be applied, and that all members of the investment community, including individual investors, have prompt and simultaneous access to the disclosed information. The Disclosure Policy applies to all Subexians and all of its subsidiaries and members of the Board of Directors. It covers disclosures in documents filed with Regulatory Bodies/ Stock Exchanges and written statements made in Subex annual reports, news and earnings releases, letters to shareholders, speeches by senior management and information provided by Subex on its Internet Web site. In addition, it covers oral statements made in group and individual meetings with analysts and investors, phone calls and webcasts with analysts and investors, and interviews with the media as well as press conferences and all other communications of material information reasonably likely to be transmitted directly or indirectly to the public.

Under this policy, the Primary Spokespersons for Subex are mentioned in Annexure 1. Others within Subex, including those persons designated from time to time by a Primary Spokesperson, will serve as Authorized Spokespersons for a specific period of time/ specific communication, to speak on behalf of Subex or to respond to specific inquiries from the investment community, financial media or the general media. No one but a Primary or Authorized Spokesperson is authorized to talk to investors/ investment community/ analysts/ financial media/ general media. All inquiries from such sources must immediately be referred to the Corporate Communications Department.

Responding to inquiries

Subexians (other than the Primary or Authorized Spokespersons) are not authorized to respond under any circumstances to inquiries from investors/ investment community/ analysts/ financial media/ general media unless specifically authorized to do so by a Primary Spokesperson. Subexians are instructed to refer all such inquiries to the Corporate Communications Department.

Prohibition on selective disclosure

Subex, its directors, executive officers, investor relations personnel, and other

people with similar functions, are prohibited from selectively disclosing material nonpublic corporate information to securities market professionals and holders of the issuer's securities, as well as potential investors or anyone else that is not subject to a confidentiality agreement or possesses another duty against disclosing such information.

Methods for public disclosure of material information - Subex will disseminate material information through an appropriate Regulatory Body/ Stock Exchanges filing and, in addition, if deemed appropriate, another method of disclosure that is reasonably designed to provide broad, non-exclusionary distribution of the information to the public. All news releases or other material written public disclosures will be made available on Subex Web site. Subex will publicly disseminate the information before making that information available on a selective basis to the investment community, such as analysts and institutional investors or holders of Subex shares, or any other member of the public.

Inadvertent disclosures

Should a Company official or member of the Board of Directors make an inadvertent disclosure of material, non-public information on a selective basis (e.g., at an analyst meeting or on a phone call with an analyst or investor that was not previously broadly disseminated), Subex will, as soon as reasonably practicable (but in no event later than 24 hours or before the market opening), broadly disseminate that information publicly. Inadvertent material disclosures are required to be reported promptly to a primary spokesperson for Subex.

Responding to market rumors

So long as it is clear that Subex is not the source of the market rumor, Subex spokespersons will respond consistently to those rumors concerning potentially material developments saying, "It is our policy not to comment on market rumors or speculation.". Should the Stock Exchanges request Subex to make a definitive statement in response to a market rumor that is causing significant volatility in Subex stock, the Investor Relations/ Corporate Communications department will consider the matter and make a recommendation to the CEO on whether to make a policy exception.

Referring to or distributing analyst reports on Subex

Subex regards analyst reports as proprietary information belonging to the analyst's firm and will not provide such reports on Subex's Internet website or through any other means to persons outside of the company. Analyst reports on Subex and available industry reports available may be provided periodically to Subexians via e-mail on a timely basis. Distribution of these reports internally is for information purposes only and shall not be represented as an endorsement of

the analyst's opinion.

D: Dissemination of non-public information to Subexians

During the course of normal business activities, material or proprietary information will need to be shared among Subexians. Discretion should always be exercised to limit such information to only those who need to know as part of their job responsibilities. When disseminating such information, it is important to reiterate its confidential nature and take steps to ensure that this information will be protected from misuse or improper release.

E: Publishing of news about Subex

All news releases to be distributed are to be reviewed and approved in advance by the Corporate Communications Department. In addition, the release date and time must be approved by Corporate Communications Department. This includes news releases generated by Subex as well as news releases generated by others that mention Subex. The Corporate Communications Department will be responsible for the transmission of all news releases. No other department or external agency is authorized to send a news release directly to a media.

F: Placing of advertisements

No Subexian or agency will place a print, broadcast or web advertisement or sign an advertising contract (with the exception of employment ads, which must be coordinated through human resources) without the approval of the Corporate Communications Department. All advertisements, including those for trade, business or consumer publications, sponsorships and trade shows, must be approved by the Corporate/ Marketing Communications Department prior to publishing.

G. Handling information requests

Information requests can be received by phone, email, fax, letter or even during casual conversation at trade shows and other events. Regardless of the method of inquiry, information requests should be handled as follows:

Trade media queries

Trade media inquiries should be directed to the Marketing Communications Department or to the Corporate Communications Department. Trade media inquiries for previously undisclosed material information and/ or information which is not readily available from divisions or local offices should be directed to the Marketing Communications Department.

Business/ Financial media queries

Business/ financial media inquiries should be directed to the Corporate Communications Department.

Local media queries of any other nature

Local media inquiries of any other nature should be directed to the Corporate Communications Department. Some business units may have created programs for other Subex offices to encourage relationship building with local media to enhance local sales and recruitment efforts, as well as to establish a positive local company image. Inquiries about these local programs should be directed to the Primary Spokesperson at Subex. In addition, the Primary Spokesperson may designate spokespersons to discuss local issues with members of the media.

Individual shareholder inquiries

Individual shareholder inquiries, including requests for copies of Company reports to shareholders should be directed to the Investor Relations department.

Analyst queries

Security analysts or other investment professionals requesting information must be directed to the Primary Spokesperson/ Investor Relations Department/ Corporate Communications Department. Under no circumstances should a Subexian provide information to security analysts or investment professionals about Subex, its products, or its forecasts.

General information requests

General public information requests should be directed to the Corporate Communications Department.

When in doubt, forward inquiries to the Corporate Communications Department.

H: Speeches and Presentations

Representatives of Subex regularly make speeches or participate in conferences. Such appearances must be approved by the appropriate business heads in the case of marketing-related presentations, or by the Marketing Communications Department for presentations that involve Subex overall, its strategies or its financial performance. In general, presentations should include only information covering the Subexian's areas of responsibility and generally known and public information about Subex. Under no circumstances should speakers disclose material non-public information in the presentation or in any subsequent question and answer or other breakout meeting.

I: World Wide Web

1. The only authorized Subex World Wide Web (WWW) presence is www.subex.com. This medium's global reach and instantaneous nature present some unique challenges related to legality, security and content. Therefore, centralized content control is required for all visual and written information contained on the site. Standards for the Subex web presence are created and managed by the Corporate Communications Department.
2. No Subexian, agency or other party is to place information of any kind regarding Subex, its products, operations or plans on any portion of the WWW.
3. Individual Subexians are prohibited from using, or approving the use of, the Subex logo, copyrighted material or proprietary material of Subex, Inc. on the WWW without approval from the Corporate Communications Department.
4. All requests to register domain names on behalf of Subex anywhere in the world must be coordinated through the Corporate Communications Department. This is necessary to ensure consistency, protection of our trademark, and functionality of our web presence.
5. Use of the logo on a third-party Web site requires prior consent of the Corporate/ Marketing Communications Department. If used as a hyperlink, the logo should point to the Subex home page at www.subex.com.

J. Internet Discussion Threads/ Chat Rooms

1. Subex will not comment on or reply to rumors, statements or questions posted on Internet discussion groups.
2. Subexians are not authorized to speak on behalf of Subex, or to disclose any news about Subex, on Internet discussion groups.

Annexure 1: Contact details

Primary spokespersons:

Position	Name	Email
CEO	Surjeet Singh	Surjeet.singh@subex.com
Chief Operating Officer	Vinod Kumar P	vinod.kumar@subex.com
Chief People Officer	Mohan Sitharam M S	mohan.sitharam@subex.com
Investor Relations Department	Ganesh K V	ganesh.kv@subex.com

V. Subex Customer Interaction Code of Conduct

1. Introduction

The customer interaction code of conduct helps ensure compliance with legal requirements and our standards of business conduct. All Subexians (this includes trainees and consultants representing Subex at customer sites and meetings) are expected to read and understand this customer interaction code of conduct and ethics, uphold these standards in day-to-day activities, comply with all applicable policies and procedures and ensure that they understand and adhere to these standards while at customer sites and/or during customer meetings.

We are committed to continuously review and update our policies and procedures. Therefore this customer interaction code of conduct is subject to modification at the discretion of Subex Ltd.

- Access control system: In case the customer sites are equipped with access control system, Use the access control cards to enter and exit at the premises or any other location as mentioned by customer. The access control cards should be carried whenever entering or exiting from a customer site.
- Email accounts: In case the customer has provided an Email account for official use. This must not be used to distribute or store, defamatory, fraudulent, harassing or obscene messages and files, or otherwise engage in any illegal or wrongful conduct. This includes use on insulting, sexist, racist, obscene or suggestive electronic mail.
- Legal Adherence Clause: You may not violate any local, state, national or international law or regulation.
- Non-Harassment Clause: You may not harass or threaten any customers of Subex Ltd
- Non-Vulgarity Clause: You may not use any sexually explicit, harmful, threatening, abusive, defamatory, obscene, hateful, religious, sexually oriented or ethnically offensive language. You may not attempt to communicate these by way acronyms, abbreviations or suggestions while at the customer site or during your interaction with the customers.
- Non-Impersonation Clause: You may not impersonate any customer of Subex Ltd, past or present.
- Anti-Piracy Clause: You may not arrange for the exchange or transfer of any pirated or illegal software while at the customer site.
- Orderly Conduct Clause: You will follow the instructions of authorized personnel or designated person while at customer site.

- Tolerance Clause: You may not organize nor be a member of any associations or groups that are based on, or supports any racist, sexist, anti-religious, anti-ethnic, anti-gay, or other hate-mongering philosophy.
- Internet: You may not upload or transmit on the network of the customer any content without prior written permission from the customers.
- Anti-Hacking Clause: You may not attempt to interfere with, hack into, or decode any transmissions to or from the servers running at the customer site
- Use of customer premises: A written permission should be obtained from the customer on the timelines of activities, which will be carried out at the customer site. In case of use of facilities and premises after office hours or weekends/holidays, prior approval should be obtained in writing
- Access to Restricted Areas: Subexians working at client site are requested to confine themselves to areas allotted by the customer to carry out their official activity. Entry into any unauthorized/restricted area should be done only with the prior approval of the customers.
- Changes in system: Any change to be made in the system of the customers need to have prior approval from customers.
- Access to customer systems and network: Subexians should have prior written permission from the customer to access any systems or network at their site either from the premises directly or remotely from any other locations.
- Security Policy: Subexians at customer site should strictly follow the security policy laid down by our customers while carrying out the activities at the clients place.
- Infrastructure: Subexians can use the internet, phone; fax etc provided and approved by the customer only for the job, activities or tasks related to the customer. Any use of this infrastructure for other purpose than that it was intended to, should have a prior written approval from the customer. If an emergency situation demands usage of such infrastructure for any purpose other than the specified, the same needs to be communicated immediately to the customer in writing with the reasons.
- Drug and Alcohol Abuse: To meet our responsibilities to customers, Subex must maintain healthy and productive work environment. Misuse of controlled substances and/or selling manufacturing, distributing, possessing, using or being under the influence of illegal drugs and alcohol on the job is absolutely prohibited
- Dress Code and other personal standards: Each Subexian is a representative of the company in the eyes of the public, we must report to work properly groomed and wearing appropriate clothing. Subexians are expected to dress neatly and in a manner consistent with the nature of work performed
- Payments or Gifts: Under no circumstances may Subexians accept any offer, payment, promise to pay, authorization to pay any money, gift, or anything of value from customers directly or indirectly, to influence any decision, any act or

failure to act, any commitment of fraud, or opportunity for the commission of any fraud. Inexpensive gifts, infrequent business meals, celebratory events and entertainment, provided that they are not excessive or create an appearance of impropriety, do not violate this policy. Before accepting anything of value from a customer, please contact the human resource department

- Handling the confidential information of Customers: All confidential information pertaining to the customer known to Subexians working at site should not be disclosed to a third party without a prior written approval of the customer.

2. Disciplinary Action:

The matters covered in this are of the utmost importance to Subex and are essential to the company's ability to conduct its business in accordance with its stated values. We expect all Subexians to adhere to these rules in carrying out their duties for the company.

The company will take appropriate action against any Subexians whose actions are found to violate these policies or any other policies of the company. Disciplinary actions may include immediate termination or business relationship at the company's sole discretion. Where the company has suffered a loss, it may be forced to take appropriate action for the damage caused. Where laws have been violated, the company will cooperate fully with the appropriate authorities.

VI. Data protection policy

Contents

1. Scope
2. Policy statement
3. Related policies
 - a. Access control policy
 - b. Acceptable use policy

1. Scope

The scope of this policy is to establish guidelines for achieving appropriate protection of Subexian's personal information from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification or destruction. The policy aims to formulate guidelines for the collection, storage, transmission, use and deletion of any personal information obtained from Subexians in electronic and hard copy media by Subex.

This policy applies to all Subexians and vendors or contractors working on behalf of Subex, in addition to applicable laws. The Executive Management Board of Subex reserves the right to modify this policy at its discretion.

Securing the information requires the participation of and support from all Subexians with access to Subex's network and information. It is the responsibility of every user to help ensure that all information and data are kept confidential, secure and only accessible to those individuals that have a need to know such information.

2. Policy Statement

Subex records, stores and uses Subexian's personal information, including sharing some of that required information with third parties, in order to operate its business and meet its obligations as an employer. As is the case with all sensitive, valuable business data, Subex will exercise reasonable care in protecting Subexian's personal information from unauthorized access, use, modification and disclosure both internally and externally.

A key principle of this policy is that only authorized users may have access to Subexian's personal information and those authorized users must adhere to the general requirements of the Access Control Policy and Acceptable Use Policy. This policy specifically prohibits any unauthorized or unlawful disclosure of Subexian's

personal information and is designed to ensure, to the extent practicable, the confidentiality of Subexian's personal information. However, certain Subexian's personal information will be provided when either required by law or when requested by third parties for verification purposes. Furthermore, any violations of this policy will result in disciplinary action in addition to legal sanctions. Nothing in this policy prevents an employee from disclosing his/her own personal information or engaging in any other conduct that is protected by law.

3. Related Policies and Documents

a. Access Control Policy b. Acceptable Use Policy

A. Access Control Policy

The scope of this security policy includes all Subex networks and/or equipment that are owned or operated by Subex whether the information is on electronic media, printed as hardcopy, or transmitted over public/private networks. Subex shall ensure that our data collection supports reasonable business requirements, and does not use Subexian's personal information for purposes that are incompatible with its business requirements.

Access to Subexian's personal information Systems must be managed according to this policy.

Access Control

Access controls are technical mechanisms that restrict Subexian's personal information access to authorized users. Such measures shall be implemented to ensure that security objectives are in compliance with all applicable laws and Subex's policies.

This policy applies to all Subex users who have access to, support, administer, manage, or maintain Subex network systems. All internal servers at Subex is managed by Systems Administration department.

Policy Statement

Subex's networks are essential to its success. Therefore, access to all network will be granted in a controlled manner driven by business requirements subject to the approval of the concerned System administration department with the approval of System Administration Head. Subexians will be explicitly granted access to information or systems. There is no implicit right of access.

The process to manage access to information includes:

- Proper documentation, management and responsibilities of all users;
- Development and implementation of access control mechanisms, both technical and non-technical, to protect unauthorized access to applications and systems;
- Proper monitoring of access and use of applications and systems; and,
- Proper controls for authorized remote access to information.

Controls are developed, implemented, monitored and maintained by Subex to create user accountability and to ensure confidentiality, availability and integrity of Subex network and systems.

Access control measures adopted by Subex include secure and accountable means of authorization and authentication.

- Authorization is the process of determining whether or not an identified individual has been granted rights to Subexian's personal information and determine what type of access is allowed, e.g read only, create, delete, and/or modify.
- Authentication is the process of confirming that a known individual is correctly associated with a given electronic credential, for example, by use of passwords to confirm correct association with a user or account name.

Access control typically consists of but are not limited to

- Login accounts set directly on Subex application and systems to be accessed or
- Use of a "Net ID" which is associated with an authentication mechanism, incorporated in the application and systems.

Subex provides all Subexians with reasonable access to their own personal information and the ability to review and correct it, as applicable. It is the concerned Subexian's responsibility to ensure that all of his or her personal information is accurate, complete and current at all times. It is also the responsibility of the concerned Subexian not to share his passwords to individual accounts with other individuals. Further all Subexians are urged to change the passwords if they suspect any leakage of the same.

Third Party Access to Subexian's personal information

Subex does not transfer or provide access to Subexian's personal information to third parties. Sharing of personal information will occur only if it is required for business requirements, those third parties agree to give the data the equivalent level of protection that Subex provides, or another suitable level of protection as determined by Subex and only with the consent of the concerned Subexian. Third parties that store, transmit or process Subexian's personal information must sign a required documents for this purpose.

Monitoring Access to Subexian's personal information

When users access Subexian's personal information Systems, access logs may

record their actions. System administration team is responsible for reviewing access logs related to Subexian's personal information.

Acceptable Use Agreement

All users who have been given access to Subexian personal information and must read and acknowledge the Acceptable Use Policy prior to being granted access to Subex networks.

Background Checks

Subex reserves the right to conduct background checks before providing access to any user. Background checks may include criminal checks and verification of employment records.

User Role Changes

When authorized users change roles within the company, their access will be immediately changed to reflect the new job responsibilities; new access must be added and old access that is no longer required must be removed.

User Responsibility

When access is granted, users are responsible for all system activity under their unique account. Users have the responsibility to protect their account by creating and maintaining passwords compliant with this policy in addition, users are responsible for maintaining the confidentiality of their unique ID and password by not sharing it with any other party.

Anti-Virus

Subex networks and servers are configured with updated anti-virus software. User must never attempt to disable anti-virus software.

Review of Access Privileges

Subex periodically reevaluates the access granted to ascertain that the access is still commensurate with the user's job responsibilities.

User IDs found to be invalid must be disabled. Non-employee User IDs and access privileges, including vendor and business partner IDs, must be re-evaluated every six months. User IDs found to be invalid must be disabled and investigated immediately.

Terminated Employees and Contractors

User IDs of terminated or resigned users must be disabled from all information

systems immediately upon notification from Human Resources and/or the responsible business unit or department. Every week, Human Resources must send a summary email notification of all new departures to all relevant system administration teams.

B. Acceptable Use Policy

Subex adheres to these minimum requirements described in this policy when storing and disposing of Subexian's personal information. These are not exhaustive measures and Subex reserves the right to modify these measures in its endeavor to provide adequate security all proprietary information.

Use of personal information

Subex will use personal information provided by Subexian's solely for conducting its business and in accordance with all applicable laws. Subex will provide the concerned Subexian the required access to his/her personal information to modify or update the same. In no event other Subexians or third parties are permitted to access or modify the personal information of fellow Subexians.

Physical Security of Hard Copy Subexian's personal information

Hard copy Subexian's personal information must be secured in locked containers such as file cabinets whenever not in use. Keys must be available only to authorized users and must not be shared with any body.

Taking back- up of personal information

Copies of Subexian's personal information must be backed up to tape or other removable storage media for disaster recovery purposes. Back-up media containing Subexian's personal information must be stored in a locked Subex or other Subex-authorized location only accessible by authorized users. Unauthorized persons are not permitted to modify or to take back up of any personal information belonging to others.

Disposal

When Subexian's personal information is no longer required by the business and is not subject to any data retention policy, law or regulation, it must be disposed using a paper shredder, incinerator, or pulping. Alternately, a contracted service provider that applies one of these methods may be approved by the applicable authorized department head.

When electronic Subexian's personal information is no longer required by the business and is not subject to any data retention policy, law or regulation, it must be irretrievably deleted from systems, databases, e-mail servers, PC hard drives,

and other storage devices. When the electronic media itself requires disposal, it must be degaussed, shred or incinerated.

Non disclosure obligations

All Subexians are contractually bound not to disclose any personal information of others and any confidential information in their possession. This continues to apply even after their employment relationship has been terminated.

VII. Protection of Assets Policy

Contents

1. Introduction
2. E-Mail policy
3. Password protection policy
4. Anti Virus Process
5. Anti Virus Policy
6. Server security policy
7. VPN security policy
8. Wireless LAN Policy
9. Dial-In Access Policy
10. Extranet Policy
11. Internet Usage Policy

Introduction

These are the assets, which need to be protected, if not the proper functionality of the business processes can get affected;

Application servers, database servers, Intranet Services, Extranet Services , CVS Servers, Ftp servers, Pas Server, Back up Servers, business plans, projects in development, Mail Server etc.

1. E-Mail Policy

Purpose

To prevent tarnishing the public image of Subex when email goes out from Subex as the general public will tend to view that message as an official policy statement from Subex.

1.2 Scope

This policy covers appropriate use of any email sent from a Subex email address and applies to all Subexians, vendors, and agents operating on behalf of Subex

1.3 Policy

1.3.1 Prohibited Use

The Subex email system shall not to be used for the creation or distribution of any disruptive or offensive messages, including offensive comments about race, gender, hair color, disabilities, age, sexual orientation, pornography, religious beliefs and practice, political beliefs, or national origin. Subexians who receive any emails with this content from any Subex employee should report the matter to their supervisor immediately. Incoming/Outgoing mail size is limited to 1MB.

1.3.2 Personal Use

Using a reasonable amount of Subex resources for personal emails is acceptable, but non-work related email shall be saved in a separate folder from work related email. Sending chain letters or joke emails from Subex email account is prohibited. Virus or other malware warnings and mass mailings from Subex shall be approved by the concerned Manager before sending. These restrictions also apply to the forwarding of mail received by a Subexian.

1.3.3 Monitoring

Subex may monitor messages stored, sent or received on the company's email system without prior notice.

2 Password Protection Policy

2.1 Overview

Passwords are an important aspect of computer security. They are the front line of protection for user accounts. A poorly chosen password may result in the compromise of security of entire corporate network. As such, all Subexians (including contractors with access to Subex's systems) are responsible for taking the appropriate steps, as outlined below, to select and secure their passwords.

2.2 Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to establish a standard for creation of strong passwords, the protection of those passwords, and the frequency of change.

2.3 Scope

The scope of this policy includes all personnel who have or are responsible for an account (or any form of access that supports or requires a password) on any system that resides at any Subex facility, has access to Subex network, or stores any non-public Subex information.

2.4 General

All system-level passwords (e.g., root, enable, NT admin, application administration accounts, etc.) must be changed on at least a quarterly basis.

All production system-level passwords must be part of the SysAdmin administered global password management database.

All user-level passwords (e.g., email, web, desktop computer, etc.) must be changed at least every six months. The recommended change interval is every four months.

User accounts that have system-level privileges granted through group memberships or programs such as "pseudo" must have a unique password from all other accounts held by that user.

Passwords must not be inserted into email messages or other forms of electronic communication. All user- level and system-level passwords must conform to the guidelines described below.

2.5 Guidelines

A. General Password Construction Guidelines

Passwords are used for various purposes at Subex. Some of the more common uses include: user level accounts, Intranet accounts, Extranet Account, VPN Account, email accounts, screen saver protection, voicemail password, and local router logins. Passwords should contain both upper and lower case characters (e.g., a-z, A-Z) Have digits and punctuation characters as well as letters e.g., 0-9, !@#\$%^&*()_+|~- =\`{}[]:;'<>?,./)

Are at least eight alphanumeric characters long. Is not a word in any language, slang, dialect, jargon, etc? Are not based on personal information, names of family, etc. Passwords should never be written down or stored on-line. Try to create passwords that can be easily remembered. One way to do this is create a password based on a song title, affirmation, or other phrase. For example, the phrase might be:

"This May Be One Way to Remember" and the password could be: "TmB1w2R!" or "Tmb1W>r~" or some other variation.

Note: Do not use either of these examples as passwords!

B. Password Protection Standards

Do not use the same password for Subex accounts as for other non-Subex access (e.g., personal ISP account, option trading, benefits, etc.). Where possible, don't use the same password for various Subex access needs. For example, select one password for the Infrastructure systems and a separate password for IT systems.

Also, select a separate password to be used for an NT account and a UNIX account.

Do not share Subex passwords with anyone, including administrative assistants or secretaries. All passwords are to be treated as sensitive, Confidential Subex information.

Do not use the "Remember Password" feature of applications (e.g., Eudora, Outlook, Netscape Messenger, and Evolution).

Again, do not write passwords down and store them anywhere in your office. Do not store passwords in a file on ANY computer system (including Palm Pilots or similar devices) without encryption.

Change passwords at least once every six months (except system-level passwords which must be changed quarterly). The recommended change interval is every four months. If an account or password is suspected to have been compromised, report the incident to Sysadmin and change all passwords.

C. Use of Passwords for Remote Access Users

Access to the Subex Networks via remote access is to be controlled using either a one-time password authentication

3 Anti-Virus Process

Recommended processes to prevent virus problems:

- As per corporate security standards, update the software and patches regularly in a timely manner provided by sysadmin.
- NEVER open any files or macros attached to an email from an unknown, suspicious or untrustworthy source. Delete these attachments immediately, then "double delete" them by emptying your Trash.
- Delete spam, chain, and other junk email without forwarding, the same.
- Never download files from unknown or suspicious sources.
- Avoid direct disk sharing with read/write access unless there is absolutely a business requirement to do so.
- Always scan a floppy diskette from an unknown source for viruses before using it.
- If there is a virus attack on the system, run the anti-virus utility to ensure a clean machine. When the anti-virus scan is running, do not run any applications that could transfer a virus, e.g., email or file sharing.
- New viruses are discovered almost every day. Periodically check the intranet for the patches and Recommended Processes for updates.

4 Anti-Virus Policy

4.1 Purpose

All computers connected to Subex network needs to have antivirus installed on the systems.

4.2 Scope

This policy applies to all Subex computers that are PC-based or utilize PC-file directory sharing. This includes desktop computers, laptop computers, file/ftp/proxy servers, and any PC based equipments such as Access control, Voice Billing, EPBAX traffic generators.

4.3 Policy

All computers must have anti-virus software installed and scheduled to scan the complete system at regular intervals. In addition, the anti-virus software and the virus pattern files must be kept up to- date. Virus- infected computers will be removed from the network until they are verified as virus-free. Sysadmin Admin Manger / System Admin department are responsible for creating procedures that ensure anti-virus software is run at regular intervals, and computers are verified as virus-free. Any activities with the intention to create and/or distribute malicious programs into Subex's networks (e.g., viruses, worms, Trojan horses, e-mail bombs, etc.) are prohibited. Refer to Subex's Guide lines to anti virus process to help prevent virus problems.

Noted exceptions: Machines with operating systems other than those based on Microsoft products are exempted.

5 Server Security Policy

5.1 Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to establish standards for the base configuration of internal server that is owned and/or operated by Subex. Effective implementation of this policy will minimize unauthorized access to Subex proprietary information and technology.

5.2 Scope

This policy applies to following servers like Source Code Server, HR server, Finance Server, Mailing System, File Servers, Intranet, Extranet, FTP server.

5.3 Policy

5.3.1 Ownership and Responsibilities

All internal servers deployed at Subex is owned by an Systems Admin Dept that is responsible for system administration. Approved server configuration guides must be established and maintained by the Systems Admin Manger, based on business needs and approved by System Admin HOD. Systems Admin Dept should monitor configuration compliance and implement an exception policy tailored to their environment. Systems Admin Dept must establish a process for changing the configuration guides, which includes review and approval by System Admin HOD.

- Servers must be registered within the Hard Ware Register. At a minimum, the following information is required to positively identify the point of contact:
 - Server contact(s) and location, and a backup contact
 - Hardware and Operating System/Version
 - Main functions and applications, if applicable
 - Information in the Hard Ware Register must be kept up-to-date.
 - Configuration changes for production servers must follow the appropriate change management procedures.

5.3.2 General Configuration Guidelines

- Operating System configuration should be in accordance with approved System Admin HOD.
- Services and applications that will not be used must be disabled where not required.
- Access to services should be logged and/or protected through access-control methods such as TCP Wrappers, if possible.
- The most recent security patches must be installed on the system as soon as practical, the only exception being when immediate application would interfere with business requirements.
- Always use standard security principles of least required access to perform a function.
- Do not use root when a non-privileged account will do.
- If a methodology for secure channel connection is available (i.e., technically feasible), privileged access must be performed over secure channels, (e.g., encrypted network connections using SSH or IPSec).
- Servers should be physically located in an access-controlled environment.

5.3.3 Monitoring

- All security-related events on critical or sensitive systems must be logged and audit trails saved as follows:

- All security related logs will be kept online for a minimum of 1 week.
 - Daily incremental tape backups will be retained for at least 1 Week.
 - Weekly full tape backups of logs will be retained for at least 1 month.
 - Monthly full backups will be retained for a minimum of 2 Months.
-
- Security-related events will be reported to Systems Admin Manger, who will review logs and report incidents to IT management. Corrective measures will be prescribed as needed. Security-related events include,
 - Port-scan attacks
 - Evidence of unauthorized access to privileged accounts
 - Anomalous occurrences that are not related to specific applications on the host.

5.3.4 Compliance

- Audits will be performed on a quarterly basis by authorized person within Subex.
 - Audits will be managed by the System Admin HOD, in accordance with the company policy.
- Systems Admin Manger will filter findings not related to a specific operational group and then present the findings to the Systems Admin Dept for remediation or justification.
- Every effort will be made to prevent audits from causing operational failures or disruptions.

6 Virtual Private Network (VPN) Policy

6.1 Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for Remote Access IPSec, PPTP or L2TP Virtual Private Network (VPN) connections to Subex network.

6.2 Scope

This policy applies to all Subexians, contractors, consultants, temporaries, and other workers including all personnel affiliated with third parties utilizing VPNs to access Subex network. This policy applies to implementations of VPN that are directed through an IPSec Concentrator.

6.3 Policy

Approved Subex Subexians and authorized third parties (customers, vendors, etc.) may utilize the benefits of VPNs, which are a Subex managed service.

Additionally,

1. It is the responsibility of Subexians with VPN privileges to ensure that unauthorized users are not allowed access to Subex internal networks.
2. VPN use is to be controlled using either a one-time password authentication such as a public/private key system with a strong passphrase.
3. When actively connected to the corporate network, VPNs will force all traffic to and from the PC over the VPN tunnel: all other traffic will be dropped.
4. Dual (split) tunneling is NOT permitted; only one network connection is allowed.
5. VPN users will be automatically disconnected from Subex network after thirty minutes of inactivity. The user must then logon again to reconnect to the network. Pings or other artificial network processes are not to be used to keep the connection open and the same will be allowed.
5. The VPN connection is limited to an absolute connection time of 24 hours.
6. Users of computers that are not Subex owned equipment must configure the equipment to comply with Subex VPN and Network policies.
7. Only VPN clients approved by Subex may be used.
8. By using VPN technology with personal equipment, users must understand that their machines are a de facto extension of Subex network, and as such are subject to the same rules and regulations that apply to Subex owned equipment, i.e., their machines must be configured to comply with Subex.
9. Security Policies.

7 Wireless Communication Policy

7.1 Purpose

This policy prohibits access to Subex networks via unsecured wireless communication mechanisms. Only wireless systems that meet the criteria of this policy or have been granted an exclusive waiver by Sys Admin Dept are approved for connectivity to Subex networks.

7.2 Scope

This policy covers all wireless data communication devices (e.g., personal computers, cellular phones, PDAs, etc.) connected to any of Subex internal networks. This includes any form of wireless communication device capable of transmitting packet data. Wireless devices and/or networks without any connectivity to Subex networks do not fall under the purview of this policy.

7.3 Policy

7.3.1 Register Access Points and Cards

All wireless Access Points / Base Stations connected to the network is registered

and approved by Sys Admin Dept. These Access Points / Base Stations are subject to periodic penetration tests and audits. All wireless Network Interface Cards (i.e., PC cards) used in laptop or desktop computers must be registered with Sys Admin Dept

7.3.1.1 Approved Technology

All wireless LAN access must use corporate-approved vendor products and security configurations.

7.3.1.2 Encryption and Authentication

All computers with wireless LAN devices must utilize a corporate-approved encryption configured to drop all unauthenticated and unencrypted traffic. To comply with this policy, wireless implementations must maintain point to point hardware encryption of at least 128 bits. All implementations must support a hardware address that can be registered and tracked, i.e., a MAC address.

7.3.1.3 Setting the SSID

The SSID shall be configured so that it does not contain any identifying information about the organization, such as the company name, division title, employee name, or product identifier.

8 Dial-In Access Policy

8.1 Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to protect Subex electronic information from being inadvertently compromised by authorized personnel using a dial-in connection.

8.2 Scope

The scope of this policy is to define appropriate dial-in access and its use by authorized personnel.

8.3 Policy

Subexians and authorized third parties (customers, etc.) can use dial-in connections to gain access to the corporate network. Dial-in access should be strictly controlled, using one-time password authentication.

It is the responsibility of Subexians with dial-in access privileges to ensure a dial-in connection to Subex is not used by non-employees to gain access to company information system resources. An employee who is granted dial-in access privileges must remain constantly aware that dial-in connections between their location and Subex are literal extensions of Subex network, and that they

provide a potential path to the company's most sensitive information. The employee and/or authorized third party individual must take every reasonable measure to protect Subex assets.

8.4 Enforcement

Any employee found to have violated this policy may be subject to disciplinary action.

9 Extranet Policy

9.1 Purpose

This document describes the policy under which third party organizations connect to Subex networks for the purpose of transacting business related to Subex.

9.2 Scope

Connections between third parties that require access to non-public Subex resources fall under this policy, regardless of whether a telco circuit (such as frame relay or ISDN) or VPN technology is used for the connection.

9.3 Policy

9.3.1 Pre-Requisites

9.3.2 Security Review

All new requests for extranet connectivity will go through a security review with approvals from senior Subexians.

9.3.3 Third Party Connection Agreement

Approval from Management is required, can be in electronic format.

9.4 Establishing Connectivity

Department within Subex that wish to establish connectivity to a third party are to file a new site request with the proper extranet group. The extranet group will engage Systems Admin Ltd to address security issues inherent in the project. If the proposed connection is to terminate within a particular location at Subex network, the Department must engage the [name of team responsible for security]. The Department must provide full and complete information as to the nature of the proposed access to the extranet group and Sys Admin Dept, as requested.

All connectivity established must be based on the least-access principle, in

accordance with the approved business requirements and the security review. In no case will Subex rely upon the third party to protect Subex network or resources.

9.5 Modifying or Changing Connectivity and Access

All changes in access must be accompanied by a valid business justification, and are subject to security review. Changes are to be implemented via corporate change management process. The Sponsoring Organization is responsible for notifying the extranet management group and/or Sys Admin Dept when there is a material change in their originally provided information so that security and connectivity evolve accordingly.

9.6 Terminating Access

When access is no longer required, the sponsoring organization within Subex must notify the extranet team responsible for that connectivity, which will then terminate the access. This may mean a modification of existing permissions up to terminating the circuit, as appropriate. The extranet and Subex security teams must conduct an audit of their respective connections on an annual basis to ensure that all existing connections are still needed, and that the access provided meets the needs of the connection. Connections that are found to be depreciated, and/or are no longer being used to conduct Subex business, will be terminated immediately. Should a security incident or a finding that a circuit has been depreciated and is no longer being used to conduct Subex business necessitate a modification of existing permissions, or termination of connectivity, Sys Admin Dept and/or the extranet team will notify the POC or the Sponsoring Organization of the change prior to taking any action.

10 Internet Usage Policy

10.1 Purpose

Ensure that Subexians don't abuse Internet usage at the workplace.

10.2 Scope

The scope of this policy is to define appropriate use of internet

10.3 Usage Policy

As part of this organization's commitment to the utilization of new technologies, many/all of our Subexians have access to the Internet. In order protect us from being victimized by the threat of viruses or hacking into our server, the following is effective with immediate effect

1. It is (Organization's) policy to limit Internet access to official business. Subexians are authorized to access the Internet for personal business after- office hours, in strict compliance with the other terms of this policy. The introduction of viruses, or malicious tampering with any computer system, is prohibited.
2. Subexians using (Organization's) internet are acting as representatives of Subex. Subexians should act accordingly to avoid damaging the reputation of the organization (When we access the internet our ip would be know to the outer world).
3. Files that are downloaded from the Internet must be scanned with virus detection software before installing or execution. All appropriate precautions should be taken to detect for a virus and, if necessary, to prevent its spread.
4. Subexians shall not place company material (copyrighted software, internal correspondence, etc.) on any publicly accessible Internet computer without proper permission.
5. The Internet does not guarantee the privacy and confidentiality of information. Sensitive material transferred over the Internet may be at risk of detection by a third party. Subexians must exercise caution and care when transferring such material in any form.
6. Unless otherwise noted, all software on the Internet should be considered copyrighted work. Therefore, Subexians are prohibited from downloading software and/or modifying any such files without permission from the copyright holder.
7. Any infringing activity by an employee may be the responsibility of the organization (For example using P2P software's like Kazza, Gautella, edonkey for sharing data). Therefore, Subex may choose to hold the employee liable for the employee's actions.
8. Subex Ltd reserves the right to inspect an employee's computer system for violations of this policy.
9. Any Subexian working on a clients system may not access the internet or intranet unless required for the delivery of agreed services.

VIII. Subex Electronic Mail Policy

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This policy applies to all Subexians, consultants and others, who utilize Subex's computer systems and other information resources and assets. It recognizes that all users have a responsibility towards the integrity and confidentiality of information, through their respective conditions of employment and conditions of engagement and defines more specifically, accountabilities, responsibilities and guidelines for ensuring all information resources and assets are adequately protected.

1. Introduction

This Electronic Mail Policy and the supporting Standards and Guidelines reflect the operating philosophy of Subex.

Its underlying objectives are:

- To promote awareness and to highlight to all users the importance of maintaining good electronic mail practices.
- To prevent the misuse of Subex's electronic mail infrastructure.

This policy defines accountabilities, responsibilities and guidelines for ensuring the most efficient use of Subex's electronic mail infrastructure.

2. Scope

This policy complements the Protection of Assets Policy which lists email policies relating to prohibited use, personal use and monitoring. All areas of the Protection of Assets Policy apply to this email policy as well. Electronic mail (email) is an important part of Subex's corporate culture and has a significant impact on the organization in terms of the security of its information resources and its overall efficiency. There is also an increasing reliance on email infrastructure to support routine corporate communications and business operations. Information stored in these systems is growing in quantity and becoming an increasingly important and valuable asset. The integrity, confidentiality and availability of this information are essential for Subex to remain a leading provider of telecom software products. Confidentiality assures that the email information is protected from abuse and unauthorized access. Availability assures that the email infrastructure is on-line and accessible by authorized staff as required. Integrity safeguards the accuracy and completeness of information. This policy attempts to cover all possible aspects of email usage. If however a particular issue has not been addressed within the policy it does not imply that it is condoned by the organization. In these cases users must always use their judgment in determining whether a particular activity is likely to breach the policy and is therefore contrary to the best interests of Subex's business.

3. Electronic Mail Policy

3.1 Asset and Disclosure

Email information resources held by Subex are considered to be assets of the company and all email users are responsible and accountable for their proper use and for their protection from unauthorized use or disclosure. Email users must not disclose Subex information to external parties without proper authorization.

3.2 Illegal Use

Email users must not use Subex's email systems to infringe copyrights or other intellectual property rights of third parties, to distribute or store, defamatory, fraudulent, harassing or obscene messages and files, or otherwise to engage in any illegal or wrongful conduct. This includes the use of insulting, sexist, racist, obscene or suggestive electronic mail.

3.3 Privacy

Email users can have a general expectation of a reasonable degree of privacy; however, they should be aware that email is not guaranteed to be private. In some instances Subex may access or disclose the electronic messages or files of a user. This will only be undertaken by the responsible System Administrator or

delegate. This access will be undertaken to:

- Protect system security
- Investigate any potentially illegal, unlawful or improper conduct.
- Investigate serious misconduct involving the harassment of staff or other individuals
- Comply with legal process
- Protect the rights or property of Subex
- Provide access for a colleague to access information stored in an email account if the user is absent, unavailable, or on leave and it is necessary to view email or other files.
- Conduct regular audits on email usage and content to ensure compliance with the Electronic Mail Policy. No unauthorized Subex email user or any other individual has permission to view any email that is not intended for them or to open any file for which the author has not granted them access.

3.4 Mass distribution of email/ unsolicited mass email/ Broadcast rights

Subexians who wish to send a mass, unsolicited email that is not intended as part of their work or is deemed unofficial given their scope of work (including personal wishes for an occasion), to all others or to one of the email distribution lists, need prior approval to do so, since it uses valuable bandwidth resources and infringes on the privacy and work time of other Subexians. Specifically, someone who wishes to send an email to all Subexians in a particular geographical location or all locations should make a request to the Human Resources Department (hr@subex.com), if such a mail is perceived to be outside their scope of work.

3.5 Exceptions to unsolicited mass distribution of email

- A personal wish to a known set of Subexians (known peers/ seniors/ others) is allowed. In essence, do not use one of the mailing groups (for instance, Subex – Bangalore) to convey your wishes. Instead, send it to a set of people you are familiar with.
- Members of Subex Culture Club are permitted to use email distribution lists to broadcast announcements.
- All unsolicited mails pertaining to medical emergencies (blood donation, organ donation etc.) of known people (relatives, friends etc.) are exempt and may be sent directly by the Subexian to a chosen mailing list/ group. If the medical emergency pertains to a person not known to the Subexian (typically, forwarded mails from outsiders), the mail should be forwarded to the Human Resources Department (hr@subex.com) with a request to broadcast the message across the organization. Human Resources will have the sole discretion to accept or dismiss such requests.

- Mails about invitation to personal occasions such as wedding, parties etc. are allowed as long as it is sent to the appropriate mailing list (For instance, a India-Bangalore focused wedding invite should be sent only to Subexians in Bangalore, and not to all Subexians across the world).

3.6 Security

- An appropriate level of security must be adopted by users when using Subex's email systems for transmission over Public Network Services (eg. the Internet, bulletin boards, blogs etc.) of (a) confidential documents or (b) sensitive material that may adversely impact Subex's business.
- Forging another's identity or attempting to conceal the origin of a message in any way is prohibited.
- Any suspected breach of security or email policy must be reported immediately to the relevant line Manager.

3.7 Personal Use

- Unauthorized use of Subex's email systems for commercial purposes or personal monetary gain is prohibited.
- Use of Subex's email systems for incidental personal purposes, though not encouraged, will be tolerated provided it is kept to a minimum and it does not adversely affect the performance of the email system.
- Personal mail is subject to the same conditions of privacy as work related mail.

3.8 Internet Email

Users must be aware that the correspondence and any discussions into which they enter when using Subex's email system and the Internet may be construed to be representative of Subex's position. This may have significant legal implications. Where the user does not have the authority or is not aware of Subex's position or where their personal view may vary from that of Subex's, they must clearly state that the opinion expressed, is that of the writer, and not necessarily that of Subex's. Where the user is representing the views of Subex (and is authorized to do so), then a notation must be appended to the communication identifying the individual and the position held within Subex. Special care must be taken when commercial or contractual matters, quotes or tenders are dealt with by email. There may be significant legal implications. Think twice before you email.

3.9 Consequences of Email Policy Violations

Any security exposures, misuse or non-compliance must be reported as soon as an occurrence is identified. Failure to comply with the Protection of Assets Policy/ Electronic Mail Policy may lead to disciplinary procedures.

Failure to comply with Policies may result in any or all of the following:

- Suspension and/or termination of access to Subex's systems
- Additional disciplinary action as determined by relevant Line Managers in line with existing policies.
- Referral to law enforcement authorities for criminal prosecution
- Other legal action, including action to recover civil damages and penalties

3.10 Email which addresses a group email id

- Any email which addresses a group email id (for ex: subex-bangalore@subex.com), should always use this group email id in the 'Bcc' field of the email.
- Any accidental "Reply All" will not result in unsolicited email to every member of the group.
- An email which necessitates a group reply (for ex: a discussion thread).
- If the email client has a problem with accepting just 'Bcc' addresses, the sender can just address the email to self with 'Bcc' to group.

4 Changes to this Policy

Subex reserves the right to amend this Policy from time to time, without notice. Users must ensure that they abide by the latest version of this Policy. Copies of this policy will be made available on Subex's internet (external) and intranet sites.

VIII. Software compliance policy

Subex licenses software from third parties for specific business purposes. As a licensee of third party software, Subex must comply with the requirements set forth in all third party software license agreements. Non-compliance with these agreements may result in significant legal liability, loss of reputation, and financial loss. Only fully licensed software that is approved by IT management may be used on Subex Applications and Systems.

Since compliance with policies is of vital importance to Subex's success, various teams are authorized to conduct assessments at their discretion with any scope they deem appropriate to measure Subex's compliance with software license agreements. All Subex users are responsible for their own compliance with software license requirements.

Software License Agreements

User Responsibilities

Users authorized to purchase software licenses on behalf of Subex must comply

with third party licensing agreements. These licensing agreements often contain specific restrictions (e.g., number of copies allowed to be installed, the number of computers the software can be installed on, or the number of concurrent users of the software allowed at any one time). Users must not install software in a manner inconsistent with the licensing agreement.

Contractors who install Subex licensed software on their non-Subex equipment are responsible for removing it at the end of the contract. If a contractor chooses to keep the software, he or she must purchase or license it. All software licenses must be reviewed and approved by Subex Legal in advance of being signed.

Shareware and Freeware

There are many freeware and shareware programs available on the Internet and other locations that perform a wide variety of tasks. Some of these programs are ineffective, inefficient, not secure, or actually include malicious code to harm a computer or network. Because of this, only shareware and freeware approved by the IT management may be installed on Subex Applications and Systems. In addition, open source licenses must be reviewed by Corporate Legal.

Software Copyrights

All users of licensed software or shareware must strictly abide by applicable copyright laws and restrictions.

Software License Compliance Monitoring

IT Management or concerned department heads must monitor software usage on workstations and servers and determine whether Subex is in compliance with its licensing agreements. IT Management and department heads may use automated or manual processes and may work with Procurement team to monitor software compliance. When software is in violation of a license agreement, it must be immediately removed or purchased in accordance with Subex purchasing procedures. Violations of software licenses may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

IX. Subex provided Laptop / Desktop and Mobile Facility Usage

Subexians using / carrying company provided laptop / desktop and mobile facilities should not be used for the following:

Storing, transmission, obtaining possession, demonstration, advertisement or requesting the transmission of objectionable / inappropriate material(s);

- Viewing, transmission or storage of pornographic material;

- Viewing, transmission or storage of material promoting or causing racial, sexual or disability discrimination;
- Viewing, transmission or storage of material promoting or causing disability discrimination;
- Viewing, transmission or storage of material promoting or causing violence;
- Viewing, transmission or storage of material associated with, promoting or causing criminal activity;
- Viewing, transmission or storage of material in connection with harassment or which can reasonably be expected will cause offence.

Storing, using, disseminating materials in violation of copyright laws including articles, music, videos, games, software, etc.

No Subexian is to use a camera phone or camera in any area where customer work is being carried out without authorisation. Failure to comply with this request may result in disciplinary action

